

Examples for Application

- | For universal use
- | Aluminium window and door manufacturing for bonding of corner connectors
- | Window and door construction
- | Stair construction and building trade
- | With many assembly bonding processes
- | Diverse industrial fields

Special Properties

- | Tough-elastic adhesive joint
- | Solvent-free
- | Thixotropic, does not drop off
- | Expands (foams) during the curing process!
- | Joint filling
- | Fast and homogeneous, full hardening
- | Good adhesion characteristics to several types of wood, and building material, ceramics, metal, duroplast and thermoplastic after appropriate preparation of the surface
- | If wood is glued, it achieves the durability class D4 as per DIN EN 204
- | Can be over-coated with many paint systems
- | Can be ground when hard-dry

Certificates / Test reports

ift Rosenheim

Examination of tensile strength of bonded frame corners of aluminium composite sections at different temperatures after diverse storage conditions.

Test report No.: 50933381 of 25.04.2007

French VOC-Emission class A+

Technical Data

Basis	1-C-humidity-cross linking polyurethane
Colour Hard-dry	White
Viscosity at +20 °C	Medium viscous-pasty
Density as per EN 542 at +20 °C	approx. 1.52 g/cm ³



Skinning time - dry

at +20 °C, 50 % r. H.

Applied quantity 500 µm-PE/PVC approx. 7 min

Skinning time - wet

at +20 °C, sprayed with water

Applied quantity 500 µm-PE/PVC approx. 4 min

Functional hardness

depending on application at +20 °C

approx. 20 min

Setting speed

at +20 °C, 50% r. H.

until it reaches the final strength

approx. 2.5 mm in 24 h
7 d

Applied quantity

Depending on carrier material

approx. 150-200 g/m²

Minimum processing temperature

from +7 °C

Instructions for use

The surfaces of the workpieces to be bonded must be dry, and free from dust and grease.

Depending on the material surface, check if the bonding result can be improved by grinding or applying of primer.

Polyolefins (among others PE, PP) cannot be bonded without preparation, e.g. plasma- or corona treatment. If PS-hard surfaces are bonded, generally we recommend using a primer.

When 1 000 ml aluminium cartridges are used, the maximum operating pressure is 4 bar.

The adhesive is applied one-sided as bead on one of the parts to be bonded.

If non-absorbing materials are bonded (material humidity <8 %), water must be "sprayed very finely" onto the adhesive to achieve complete curing.

The workpieces must be fit together and pressed within the skinning time.

After they have been fit together, the parts must be fixed and pressed until functional strength has been reached.

Remove oozing adhesive when it is fresh.

Paint the bonded workpieces only after the adhesive has cured completely; if they are painted too early, formation of paint bubbles cannot be excluded.

If the thickness of the joints is >2.5 mm, the setting times, press times and curing time are clearly longer, joint thickness ≥5 mm shall be avoided.

Bonding of aluminium, copper, brass: only on chemically pretreated or varnished surfaces; these materials cannot be durably bonded to be age-resistant without appropriate pre-treatment of the surfaces to be glued.



Due to the difficult definition of aluminium surfaces and qualities, we generally recommend gathering sufficient information from the supplier to prepare the planned bonding process optimally; sufficient qualification tests are required.

If stainless steel is manufactured or processed, auxiliary aids, e.g. wax, oil, etc. are often used, that usually cannot be removed by simple wiping away; it turned out that after the cleaning with solvent-based cleaning agents a clearly better bonding result will be achieved after grinding, or better sand blasting, of the surface and following cleaning with solvent.

Galvanized sheet metals must generally be protected from humidity that is permanently acting on it "formation of white rust". In this case, it must be excluded that occurring humidity can get onto the bonding surface.

If metals are bonded with absorbent materials (e.g. wood, building materials, etc.), humidity can be transported slowly through the absorbent material, through the bonded joint, to the metallic surface and here, it can cause corrosion damages on the metal. Therefore, the metallic bonding surface must be equipped with an appropriate corrosion protection, e. g. varnish, powder coating!

If permanent humidity impact is expected, the bonded joints/bonded surfaces must additionally be sealed/protected using a "suitable sealant".

Powder coatings with shares of PTFE cannot be bonded reliably without pre-treatment (e. g. plasma procedure).

Bonding of materials with different longitudinal extension must be assessed regarding their long-term behaviour, especially when they are exposed to fluctuating temperature ranges.

Bonding of larch: If larch is bonded outdoors, generally 1-C-PUR-adhesives may not be used. Substances, included in the wood or possibly generated, e.g. "Arabicum Galactan", considerably destroy/weak the bonding strength. No problems are known for PVAc- and EPOXI adhesives.

If solid wood is bonded, the adhesive should preferably be applied on the two surfaces to be bonded. The press pressure shall be $>1 \text{ N/mm}^2$.

If solid wood is bonded for outdoor application, perform appropriate tests to achieve optimum bonding depending on wood type, weathering intensity, surface protection and dimensions of adhesive joints.

The cured mass changes its colour due to UV radiation but not its strength in the cured bonded joint.

Caution: the viscosity of the 1-C-PUR adhesives is approximately twice as high at $+15 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ as at $+25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$.

Skimming, joining times, as well as the required press and following processing times can only be determined accurately by self-tests because they depend on material, temperature, applied quantity, air humidity, material humidity, thickness of adhesive film, press power, and other criterions. For processing, appropriate safety allowances shall be planned in addition to the specified guiding values.



Important instructions

Only instructed personnel in specialist firms are allowed to use the product!

Our user instructions, processing guidelines, product- and performance data, and other technical statements are only general directives; they describe only the condition of our products (values, determination of values on the date of completion) and the performances do not represent a warranty in the sense of § 443 BGB. **Because of the wide variety of applications of the individual product and the relevant special conditions (e. g. processing parameters, material characteristics, etc.), it is up to the user to test it itself;** our free expert advice for application provided in speech, writing, and as test is nonbinding.

Please, also consider the Safety Data Sheet!

Cleaning

Remove the fresh, not cured adhesive from the surfaces and the tools using COSMO CL-300.150.

Cured adhesive can only be removed mechanically.

Storage

Store in the hermetically closed original packages, dry at temperatures of +15 °C to +25 °C, no direct sun radiation.

Storage life in unopened original packagings 15 months.

During the storage time, viscosity is increasing.

Packaging

310 ml PE-Euro cartridge, net weight: 470 g

600 ml Alu/PP-tube bag, net weight: 910 g

1 000 ml aluminium cartridge, net weight: 1 500 g

Other trading units on request.



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Klebstoffe e.V.